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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/042,772	01/08/2002	Michael E. Webber	S00-229/US	5323
7590 03/12/2004			EXAMINER	
Marek Alboszta			COCKS, JOSIAH C	
Lumen				
45 Cabot Ave., Suite 110			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
Santa Clara, CA 95051			3749	<del></del> .
		DATE MAILED: 03/12/2004		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

RECEIVED

MAR 2 5 2004 TECHNOLOGY CENTER R3700

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		Application No.	Applicant(s)
		10/042,772	WEBBER ET AL.
Office Action Summary		Examiner	Art Unit
		Josiah Cocks	3749
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communication a	appears on the cover sheet w	vith the correspondence address
A SHO THE N - Exten after s - If the - If NO - Failur Any re	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REAMAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION is ions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory perion to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by state ply received by the Office later than three months after the mand patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	N. 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply within the statutory minimum of thi od will apply and will expire SIX (6) MO tule, cause the application to become A	reply be timely filed irty (30) days will be considered timely. NTHS from the mailing date of this communication. BANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).
Status			
1)⊠	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 02	2 January 2004.	
·		his action is non-final.	
3)□	Since this application is in condition for allow	wance except for formal mat	tters, prosecution as to the merits is
	closed in accordance with the practice under	er <i>Ex par</i> te Quayle, 1935 C.I	D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.
Dispositi	on of Claims		
4)⊠	Claim(s) 1-7 and 9-20 is/are pending in the	application.	
	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are without	Irawn from consideration.	
5)⊠	Claim(s) 1-7 is/are allowed.		
6)⊠	Claim(s) 9-20 is/are rejected.		
7)	Claim(s) is/are objected to.		
8)□	Claim(s) are subject to restriction and	d/or election requirement.	
Applicati	on Papers		
9)□ .	The specification is objected to by the Exam	iner.	
10)[	The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) $\square$ a	accepted or b) objected to	by the Examiner.
	Applicant may not request that any objection to t	he drawing(s) be held in abeya	ance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).
	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the corr	rection is required if the drawing	g(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
11)[	The oath or declaration is objected to by the	Examiner. Note the attache	ed Office Action or form PTO-152.
Priority u	ınder 35 U.S.C. § 119		
a)[	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for fore  All b) Some * c) None of:  1. Certified copies of the priority docume 2. Certified copies of the priority docume 3. Copies of the certified copies of the papplication from the International Bur See the attached detailed Office action for a	ents have been received. ents have been received in a priority documents have been reau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	Application No n received in this National Stage
Attachment	• •	_	
	e of References Cited (PTO-892)		Summary (PTO-413)
	e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) mation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/		(s)/Mail Date Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)
	r No(s)/Mail Date	6)  Other:	

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#### **DETAILED ACTION**

#### Response to Amendment

1. Receipt of applicant's amendment filed 1/2/04 is acknowledged.

#### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

2. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- 3. Claims 9 and 13-16 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by R.M. Mihlacea, et al., "Diode-laser absorption measurements of CO<sub>2</sub> near 2.0 µm at elevated temperatures" published December 20, 1998 in Vol. 37 No. 36 of APPLIED OPTICS (hereinafter "the *Mihlacea et al.* publication") (cited by applicant in IDS filed 1/8/02 and entered as paper #5)

The *Mihlacea et al.* publication discloses a system as described in applicant's claims 9 and 13-16 including a plurality of laser sensors with at least one sensor operated at a selective wavelength near 2 µm (see p. 8341, col. 2). The *Mihlacea et al.* publication proposes that *in situ* measurements may be taken of the transition lines of the CO<sub>2</sub> transition band including the R (56), lines at elevated temperatures in excess of 400K and notes that additional transitions for *in situ* detections may be present at R (38), and R (50) (see p. 8345, cols. 1 and 2).

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In regard to the limitation of claim 9 that the laser sensors interrogate a selective R(50) transition, this limitation does not define any distinct structure the claimed system. This limitation is simply describing the operation of the laser sensors. The following is an excerpt from MPEP § 2114:

## APPARATUS CLAIMS MUST BE STRUCTU-RALLY DISTINGUISHABLE FROM THE PRIOR ART

>While features of an apparatus may be recited either structurally or functionally, claims directed to >an < apparatus must be distinguished from the prior art in terms of structure rather than function. >In re Schreiber, 128 F.3d 1473, 1477-78, 44 USPQ2d 1429, 1431-32 (Fed. Cir. 1997) (The absence of a disclosure in a prior art reference relating to function did not defeat the Board's finding of anticipation of claimed apparatus because the limitations at issue were found to be inherent in the prior art reference); see also In re Swinehart, 439 F.2d 210, 212-13, 169 USPQ 226, 228-29 (CCPA 1971); In re Danly, 263 F.2d 844, 847, 120 USPQ 528, 531 (CCPA 1959). "[A]pparatus claims cover what a device is, not what a device does." Hewlett-Packard Co. v. Bausch & Lomb Inc., 909 F.2d 1464, 1469, 15 USPQ2d 1525, 1528 (Fed. Cir. 1990) (emphasis in original).

As far as is proper, the examiner considers that as the laser sensors would be capable of interrogating an R (50) transition. Therefore, as the apparatus claims 9 and 13-16 do not include any distinct structure, these claims are not regarded as patentably distinct over the structure disclosed in the *Mihlacea et al.* publication. The type of laser identified publication is an external cavity diode laser (ECDL) (see p. 8342, col. 1).

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#### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

4. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

- (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 5. This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(e), (f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).
- 6. Claims 10-12 and 17-20 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over The *Mihlacea et al.* publication in view of *Brand et al.* (US # 6,064,488).

The *Mihlacea et al.* publication discloses all the limitations of claims 10-12, and 17-20 except possibly for the use of a process chamber or sampling line for taking measurements, one of the types of lasers identified in claims 18 and 19, or one of the interrogation techniques identified in claim 20.

Brand et al. teaches a gas measuring method and system in the same field of endeavor as the Mihlacea et al. publication wherein Brand et al. includes the use of a variety of lasers used in

gas spectroscopy including the distributed feedback diode laser and vertical cavity surface emitting laser, and Fabry-Perot laser identified by applicant (see *Brand et al.*, col. 2, lines 39-50) and described as the equivalent of the external cavity diode laser (ECDL) identified by the *Mihlacea et al.* publication. *Brand et al.* also teaches the use of a sampling cavity (16) and a frequency-modulation spectroscopy interrogation technique (see col. 1, lines 18-20). *Brand et al.* further teaches the use of optical fibers, a collimating lens, and a diffraction grating (see col. 2, lines 45-62).

Therefore, in regard to claims 10-12 and 17-20, it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify the system and method of the *Mihlacea et al.* publication to incorporate the types of lasers, techniques, and optical structure taught by *Brand et al.* as the use of each of these structures in *in situ* measurement of gas concentration contribute to producing a more accurate measurement (see *Brand et al.*, col. 2, lines 5-24).

#### Allowable Subject Matter

7. Method claims 1-7 are allowed.

#### Response to Arguments

8. Applicant's arguments filed 1/2/04 regarding claims 9-20 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

Applicant's arguments as to the interrogation of the R(50) spectroscopic transition in applicant's system claims are non persuasive. As noted in item 3 above, a recitation of the

intended use of the claimed invention must result in a structural difference between the claimed invention and the prior art in order to patentably distinguish the claimed invention from the prior art. If the prior art structure is capable of performing the intended use, then it meets the claim. In a claim drawn to a process of making, the intended use must result in a manipulative difference as compared to the prior art. See *In re Casey*, 152 USPQ 235 (CCPA 1967) and *In re Otto*, 136 USPQ 458, 459 (CCPA 1963). Applicant's apparatus claims do not describe any structure not present in the *Mihlacea et al.* publication.

Applicant also argues on page 9 of the response that the *Mihlacea et al.* publication teaches away from interrogating the R(50) spectroscopic transition. This argument is not well taken. The interrogation of the R(56) spectroscopic transition in *Mihlacea et al.* publication does not "teach away" from the use of other spectroscopic transitions. As applicant notes, the *Mihlacea et al.* publication, in fact, considers that other spectroscopic transitions such as R(38) and R(50) are potential transition lines that may be interrogated.

Applicant also argues that there is no motivation to combine the teachings of *Brand et al.* with the *Mihlacea et al.* publication. Applicant characterizes this combination as "modifying Mihalcea with a kitchen sink of lasers, techniques, and miscellaneous structural elements as provided by Brand" and argues that these items would not produce a more accurate measurement. Such a characterization is hardly accurate. *Brand et al.* shows a gas spectroscopy measurement method and system that is clearly analogous art to the *Mihlacea et al.* publication. *Brand et al.* teaches the use of each of the lasers, techniques, and structural elements recited in applicant's claims, noting that in some cases some of these elements are the equivalent functional elements as those of *Mihlacea et al.* (note col. 2, lines 39-50 equating a ECDL with a

Fabry-Perot laser). Brand et al. states that the purpose of their invention is to yield an accurate concentration measurement in gas spectroscopy. The known lasers, techniques, and structural elements recited in applicant's claims and present in the Brand et al. reference contribute to production of the accurate concentration measurements. A person of ordinary skill in the art would reasonably be prompted to incorporate these structures of Brand et al. in the spectroscopy measurement system of the Mihlacea et al. publication.

#### Conclusion

9. THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

10. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Examiner Josiah Cocks whose telephone number is

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(703) 305-0450. The examiner can normally be reached on weekdays from 7:30 AM to 5:00 PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Ira Lazarus, can be reached at (703) 308-1935. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is (703) 872-9306.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the Group receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 308-0861.

jcc March 9, 2004

JOSIAH COCKS
PATENT EXAMINER
ART UNIT 3749

NOTICE OF OFFICE PLAN TO CEASE SUPPLYING COPIES OF CITED U.S. PATENT REFERENCES WITH OFFICE ACTIONS, AND PILOT TO EVALUATE THE ALTERNATIVE OF PROVIDING ELECTRONIC ACCESS TO SUCH U.S. PATENT REFERENCES

#### Summary

The United States Patent and Trademark Office (Office or USPTO) plans in the near future to: (1) cease mailing copies of U.S. patents and U.S. patent application publications (US patent references) with Office actions except for citations made during the international stage of an international application under the Patent Cooperation Treaty and those made during reexamination proceedings; and (2) provide electronic access to, with convenient downloading capability of, the US patent references cited in an Office action via the Office's private Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system which has a new feature called "E-Patent Reference." Before ceasing to provide copies of U.S. patent references with Office actions, the Office shall test the feasibility of the E-Patent Reference feature by conducting a two-month pilot project starting with Office actions mailed after December 1, 2003. The Office shall evaluate the pilot project and publish the results in a notice which will be posted on the Office's web site (www.USPTO.gov) and in the Patent Official Gazette (O.G.). In order to use the new E-Patent Reference feature during the pilot period, or when the Office ceases to send copies of U.S. patent references with Office actions, the applicant must: (1) obtain a digital certificate from the Office; (2) obtain a customer number from the Office, and (3) properly associate applications with the customer number. The pilot project does not involve or affect the current Office practice of supplying paper copies of foreign patent documents and non-patent literature with Office actions Paper copies of references will continue to be provided by the USPTO for searches and written opinions prepared by the USPTO for international applications during the international stage and for reexamination proceedings.

# Description of Pilot Project to Provide Electronic Access to Cited U.S. Patent References

On December 1, 2003, the Office will make available a new feature, E-Patent Reference, in the Office's private PAIR system, to allow more convenient downloading of U.S. patents and U.S. patent application publications. The new feature will allow an authorized user of private PAIR to download some or all of the U.S. patents and U.S. patent application publications cited by an examiner on form PTO-892 in Office actions, as well as U.S. patents and U.S. patent application publications submitted by applicants on form PTO/SB08 (1449) as part of an IDS. The retrieval of some or all of the documents may be performed in one downloading step with the documents encoded as Adobe Portable Document format (.pdf) files, which is an improvement over the current page-by-page retrieval capability from other USPTO systems.

Steps to Use the New E-Patent Reference Feature During the Pilot Project and Thereafter

Access to private PAIR is required to utilize E-Patent Reference. If you don't already have access to private PAIR, the Office urges practitioners, and applicants not represented by a practitioner, to take advantage of the transition period to obtain a no-cost USPTO Public Key Infrastructure (PKI) digital certificate, obtain a USPTO customer number, associate all of their pending and new application filings with their customer number, install no-cost software (supplied by the Office) required to access private PAIR and E-Patent Reference feature, and make appropriate arrangements for Internet access. The full instructions for obtaining a PKI digital certificate are available at the Office's Electronic Business Center (EBC) web page at: <a href="http://www.uspto.gov/ebc/downloads.html">http://www.uspto.gov/ebc/downloads.html</a>. Note that a notarized signature will be required to obtain a digital certificate.

To get a Customer Number, download and complete the Customer Number Request form, PTO-SB125, at: <a href="http://www.uspto.gov/web/forms/sb0125.pdf">http://www.uspto.gov/web/forms/sb0125.pdf</a>. The completed form can then be transmitted by facsimile to the Electronic Business Center at (703) 308-2840, or mailed to the address on the form. If you are a registered attorney or patent agent, then your registration number must be associated with your customer number. This is accomplished by adding your registration number to the Customer Number Request form. A description of associating a customer number with an application is described at the EBC web page at: <a href="http://www.uspto.gov/ebc/registration-pair.html">http://www.uspto.gov/ebc/registration-pair.html</a>.

The E-Patent Reference feature will be accessed using a new button on the private PAIR screen. Ordinarily all of the cited U.S. patent and U.S. patent application publication references will be available over the Internet using the Office's new E-Patent Reference feature. The size of the references to be downloaded will be displayed by E-Patent Reference so the download time can be estimated. Applicants and registered practitioners can select to download all of the references or any combination of cited references. Selected references will be downloaded as complete documents as Adobe Portable Document Format (.pdf) files. For a limited period of time, the USPTO will include a copy of this notice with Office actions to encourage applicants to use this new feature and, if needed, to take the steps outlined above in order to be able to utilize this new feature during the pilot and thereafter.

During the two-month pilot, the Office will evaluate the stability and capacity of the E-Patent Reference feature to reliably provide electronic access to cited U.S. patent and U.S. patent application publication references. While copies of U.S. patent and U.S. patent application publication references cited by examiners will continue to be mailed with Office actions during the pilot project, applicants are encouraged to use the private PAIR and the E-Patent Reference feature to electronically access and download cited U.S. patent and U.S. patent application publication references so the Office will be able to objectively evaluate its performance. The public is encouraged to submit comments to the Office on the usability and performance of the E-Patent Reference feature during the pilot. Further, during the pilot period registered practitioners, and applicants not represented by a practitioner, are encouraged to experiment with the feature, develop a proficiency in using the feature, and establish new internal processes for using the new access to the cited U.S. patents and U.S. patent application publications to prepare for the anticipated cessation of the current Office practice of supplying copies of such cited

references. The Office plans to continue to provide access to the E-Patent Reference feature during its evaluation of the pilot.

#### Comments

Comments concerning the E-Patent Reference feature should be in writing and directed to the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at the USPTO by electronic mail at <a href="mailto:eReference@uspto.gov">eReference@uspto.gov</a> or by facsimile to (703) 308-2840. Comments will be posted and made available for public inspection. To ensure that comments are considered in the evaluation of the pilot project, comments should be submitted in writing by January 15, 2004.

Comments with respect to specific applications should be sent to the Technology Centers' customer service centers. Comments concerning digital certificates, customer numbers, and associating customer numbers with applications should be sent to the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at the USPTO by facsimile at (703) 308-2840 or by e-mail at EBC@uspto.gov.

#### Implementation after Pilot

After the pilot, its evaluation, and publication of a subsequent notice as indicated above, the Office expects to implement its plan to cease mailing paper copies of U.S. patent references cited during examination of non provisional applications on or after February 2, 2004; although copies of cited foreign patent documents, as well as non-patent literature, will still be mailed to the applicant until such time as substantially all applications have been scanned into IFW.

#### For Further Information Contact

Technical information on the operation of the IFW system can be found on the USPTO website at http://www.uspto.gov/web/patents/ifw/index.html. Comments concerning the E-Patent Reference feature and questions concerning the operation of the PAIR system should be directed to the EBC at the USPTO at (866) 217-9197. The EBC may also be contacted by facsimile at (703) 308-2840 or by e-mail at EBC@uspto.gov.

Date. 12 1/03

Michales P. Fodici

Commissioner for Patents